

ABC of employment

All questions and answers relating to employment

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Delegation abroad

If you bill an order via Smart and carry out this order in whole or in part outside Germany, you should inform Smart of this 10 days before your stay abroad. This also applies to home office abroad ("workation").

Please complete the [delegation abroad form](#). Our payroll office will then take care of the A1 form.

For temporary work assignments as part of your employment with Smart in the EU, the EEA states (Iceland, Norway, Liechtenstein), Switzerland and the United Kingdom, Smart must post you and apply for the A1 certificate as confirmation of the posting prior to the work assignment. The A1 certificate may be checked abroad.

The A1 certificate is a confirmation that you are insured in Germany and that the country in which you are working on a temporary basis may not deduct any additional social security contributions from your salary.

If you work regularly at the same location, an A1 form with a longer validity can also be issued, but only for the period of the Smart employment contract.

The posting procedure is not possible for:

- Non-EU nationals working temporarily in Switzerland, Denmark, the United Kingdom or in the EEA states of Iceland, Norway or Liechtenstein
- Nationals of Iceland, Norway & Liechtenstein who work in Switzerland on a temporary basis
- Swiss nationals working on a temporary basis in the EEA states of Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein

If you will be working in a country outside the EU, Switzerland or the EEA for a limited period of time, it is possible that this country has concluded a social security agreement with Germany. If this is the case, Smart can also post you and you can avoid double insurance payments. Please contact us if this is the case.

Maternity protection

What is Maternity Protection?

Maternity protection is a special safeguard for women who are employed and are either pregnant or breastfeeding. It provides protection for both mothers and children, both before and after birth. Maternity protection includes, among other things:

- health protection in the workplace,
- special protection against dismissal,
- a work ban during the weeks before and after birth, and
- income security during the period when work is prohibited.

How long does maternity protection last before and after birth?

Maternity protection begins 6 weeks before the estimated due date and usually ends 8 weeks after the birth.

If your child is born before the expected due date, the maternity protection period still lasts a total of 14 weeks. Therefore, it does not end 8 weeks after birth but a few days later—exactly the number of days by which your child arrived earlier than the due date.

Am I allowed to work during maternity protection?

Before birth, you may continue to work if you wish. Please send us a written confirmation in which you waive the 6-week maternity protection period.

However, the maternity protection weeks *after* the due date are mandatory, and during this time, Smart cannot issue invoices on your behalf. You will continue to receive your full salary for these two months, and no budget will be deducted.

Required Documents

- Confirmation of waiver of maternity protection (if you wish to work before the birth),
- Medical certificate of the estimated due date (you will receive this approximately 3 months before the birth),
- Application for parental leave starting from the end of maternity protection (please request it via members@smartde.coop)
- Birth certificate or copy of the mother's passport with the birth date.

Minijobs

For whom?

At Smart the highest Minijob category M11 corresponds to a salary of 540 EUR. You can find all Minijob categories for each Smart cooperative and Smart Bildungswerk [here](#).

Please note: Although Minijobbers do not pay contributions to the social security system and have no income tax, there are still flat rate contributions on the side of the employed that will be covered from your budget. Please find the full employment costs in the table with employment categories.

Please note that a mini-job does not give you access to public health insurance. A mini-job can be a good option for you if you already have social security and work with Smart on the side. This applies, for example, to students, people with family insurance or employees.

Minijob checklist

All mini-jobbers must be registered with the Minijob Zentrale. You should therefore also complete the mini-job checklist if you are employed by us with a mini-job. We will forward this information to the Minijob Zentrale.

You can find the checklist in German and English below:

[Minijob checklist \(DE\)](#)

[Minijob checklist \(EN\)](#)

Please scroll to the last page (Annex) for the application for release from pension contribution.

Pension contributions

If you are employed as a mini-jobber, you can be exempted from the pension insurance obligation. Under point 5, you should indicate whether you wish to pay pension contributions or not. If you decide not to, you will receive a slightly higher net salary.

If you answer 'yes' to this question, you should also complete the enclosed application for exemption from pension insurance, sign it and send it to Smart.

5. Release from the obligation to contribute to pension insurance

The employee of a low pay job can apply for release from the insurance obligation in the statutory pension insurance scheme through a written declaration to his employer. A sample of the release application is attached. In this case, only the employer pays the lump-sum contributions for pension insurance. Note: Through this, no full pension insurance is acquired.

- ☐ No, I do not want to be released from the insurance obligation in the pension insurance scheme.
The employer bears the lump-sum contributions towards pension insurance to the amount of 15%. The employee bears the difference to the full contribution amount in the pension insurance (18.6%). The employee's contribution of the amount of the pension insurance is deducted by the employer from the remuneration and he forwards this along with his contributions to the mini-job centre.
- ☐ Yes, I apply for release from the insurance obligation in the pension insurance scheme. (Please fill up the attached release application)
The employer pays the lump-sum contributions. The one-time release applied for, from the obligation to pension insurance, cannot be reversed.
- ☐ I am receiving the full old age pension after reaching the regular age limit, or I am a receiver of care after reaching a particular age and am freed of paying contributions towards pension insurance. A release from the obligation to insurance for pension insurance is therefore not required.

How are pension contributions calculated on the employee and employer side?

The minimum pension insurance contribution is 32.55 EUR in total. The employer's share (i.e. the difference between your gross salary and the employment costs) is 15%.

Example: For a salary of EUR 100, the employer's contribution is 15 EUR. The remainder (17.55 EUR) is then deducted from the employee's gross salary. With a salary of EUR 165, the employer's contribution is 24.75 EUR, while the employee's contribution is then only 7.80 EUR.

Parental Leave

What is Parental Leave?

Parental leave is an unpaid break from work for mothers and fathers who want to personally care for and raise their child. As an employee, you can request parental leave from Smart. During parental leave, Smart must grant you up to 3 years off work per child. During this time, you do not need to work and will not receive a salary. As compensation, you can, for example, apply for parental allowance.

Good to Know:

- Each parent can take parental leave.
- You do not necessarily have to apply for parental allowance to take parental leave.
- Parental leave allows you to reduce your work hours to 0% while remaining health insured.
- You can take up to 3 years of parental leave per child.

Please note that during parental leave, you may not be employed at all, or at most 30 hours per week (part-time during parental leave).

Parental Leave and Smart

The key information:

- For health insurance (and other social insurances), no money is deducted from your budget.
- During parental leave, you CANNOT process assignments and will not receive a salary. You can only do this if you work part-time.
- If you decide to work part-time and receive parental allowance (*Elterngeld Plus*), your assignments should not exceed your employment/allowance ratio. For example, if you have a part-time contract of EUR 1200 net per month and receive EUR 520 Parental Allowance Plus per month, you should not invoice more than approximately EUR 2200 per month through Smart.
- You can, for instance, plan three parental leave periods with a 0 EUR salary and include phases in between in which you pay yourself a salary (from existing/accumulated budget). For this, we need exact information about the amounts of your assignments.

Applying for Parental Leave

Please inform us via email that you would like to go on parental leave. We will send you the application for parental leave by email. Please register your parental leave in good time: at least 7 weeks before the start of parental leave.

Payroll

If you are employed via Smart, you will receive an automatically generated payslip ("Lohnzettel", "Lohnbeleg") at the beginning of the following month, which is uploaded to the Mein.Smart portal. The payslip summarizes all the information about your employment.

The payslip is an important document and official proof of your income. You will receive it every month per e-mail and additionally you can find it in your [Mein.Smart](#) account.

Payslip

On the payslip there are only the employee's shares (50%) visible. If you are employed via Smart, you must also pay the employer's share (the other 50%) from your budget. However, this is not listed on the payslip. You can see the full costs in your budget, and an orientation in the [employment categories](#) table.

LOHN- UND GEHALTSABRECHNUNG

Dezember 2024

Arbeitgeber	SMartDe eG Wilhelmstr. 150 10963 Berlin
Abteilung	

Your current address will appear here

your Tax-ID nr
(Steueridentifikationsnummer)

your social security number

your health insurance provider

your tax class and church tax
(if applicable)

Pers.-Nr.	Krankenkasse / Satz	Personengruppe
	AOK Sachse (14,60 % + 1,30 %)	101
Vers.-Nr. BGS	Tätigkeitsschlüssel PV-Zuschlag / GZ / MFB	St-/SV-Tage
1-1-1-1	714244414 ja / nein / nein	30 30/30/30/30 L 30/30/30/30 E
ELAM gültig ab 01.08.2024		
Steuer-ID	St.-Kl. / KFB / Konfession	Freibetrag
Hauptarbeitgeber	I / 0,0 rk / --	monatl. jähr.
Geburtsdatum	Eintrittsdatum	Austrittsdatum
	01.08.2024	
IBAN		Art SEPA
Urlaubsanspruch	genommen	Resturlaub
10,0 Tage	10,0 Tage	0,0 Tage
		Anz. U 0

LA	Bezeichnung	St*	SV*	GBR*	Betrag in €
400	Monatliches Festgehalt	L	L	L	1.615,00
515	Reisekostenerstattung steuerfrei	F	F	F	124,80
569	Statistik-Normalarbeitsstunden 102:00 h	-	-	-	0,00
572	Statistik-Normalarbeitsstunden bezahlt 11:00 h	-	-	-	0,00

In case you received per diems as travel reimbursement, these will be listed here

LSt = wage tax
Soliz = solidarity surcharge
KiSt = church tax
Kammer = Chamber contribution (only for certain professional groups and for employees of the Bildungswerk)
SV = social insurance
SV-Brutto = the amount that forms the basis for the assessment of social security contributions
KV = health insurance contribution + additional health insurance contribution
RV = the contribution to pension insurance
AV = the contribution to unemployment insurance
PV = the contribution to long-term care insurance (insured persons with children pay 3.05 %, insured persons without children pay 3.05 + 0.35 = 3.4 %)

your gross wage (as in your contract)
Please note: this is not the same amount that you invest in your employment (employment costs/ employer's gross salary), as you must also pay the employer's share from your own budget, which is not included in the pay slip.

Monatliche Werte					Jahreswerte		§ 108 GewO/EBeschV	
Wert	laufend	einmal	pauschal	gesamt	Steuerpflicht	Betrag		
Brutto	1.615,00			1.615,00	Brutto	8.075,00	Gesamtbruttoentgelt	1.615,00
LSt	6,33			6,33	LSt	159,65	Gesetzl. Abzüge	343,64
KiSt	0,56			0,56	KiSt	14,32	Nettoentgelt	1.271,36
SolZ					SolZ	0,00		
Kammer					SV-Pflicht	Brutto		
						Brutto		
KV inkl. Z	128,40			128,40	KV	8.075,00	Gesamt-Verdienst	1.739,80
RV	150,20			150,20	RV	8.075,00	St/SV-Abzüge	343,64
AV	21,00			21,00	AV	8.075,00	Netto-Verdienst	1.396,16
PV	37,15			37,15	PV	8.075,00	Pers. Be-/Abzüge	0,00
							Auszahlung	1.396,16
KV-Brutto	1.615,00				Gesamtverdienst	11.384,80		
RV-Brutto	1.615,00				Auszahlung	9.526,88		
AV-Brutto	1.615,00				VWL-AG	0,00	Voraussichtlicher Jahresarbeitslohn	8.075,00
PV-Brutto	1.615,00							

*) St = steuerliche Behandlung, SV = sozialversicherungsrechtliche Behandlung, L = laufender Bezug, S = sonstiger Bezug, A = außerordentlicher Bezug, P = pauschale Versteuerung/Verbeiragung, PAG = pauschale Versteuerung/Verbeiragung Arbeitgeber, E = Einmalzahlung, F = frei, V = dem Vorjahr zuzuordnende Einmalzahlungen, GBR = Behandlung im Gesamtbrutto
08.01.2025
Seite 1

the net amount that you receive to your account

The social insurance line summarizes the employee shares for health, long-term care, pension and unemployment insurance.

The respective shares are broken down again separately in the box at the bottom left:

LSt = wage tax

SoliZ = solidarity surcharge

KiSt = church tax

Kammer = Chamber contribution (only for certain professional groups and for employees of the Bildungswerk)

SV = social insurance

SV-Brutto = the amount that forms the basis for the assessment of social security contributions

KV = health insurance contribution + additional health insurance contribution

RV = the contribution to pension insurance

AV = the contribution to unemployment insurance

PV = the contribution to long-term care insurance (insured persons with children pay 3.05 %, insured persons without children pay $3.05 + 0.35 = 3.4$ %)

Income tax statement

The **Lohnsteuerbescheinigung** is an income tax certificate that you receive for a full calendar year. It shows all contributions that you have paid that year. You will find this document in you Mein.Smart as well at the beginning of the following year. You might need this document for your tax declaration.

Please note that there is no income tax certificate issued for employees on a social-security free Minijob.

image.png

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Statements for the social security

Every member employed at Smart with access to social security will receive this official document at the beginning and at the end of employment.

Meldebescheinigung zur Sozialversicherung nach § 25 DEÜV
Wichtiges Dokument - Bitte sorgfältig aufbewahren!

SMartDe eG, Mehringplatz8, 10969 Berlin

Folgender Sachverhalt wurde gemeldet:

10 Anmeldung wegen Beginn einer Beschäftigung

Arbeitgeber-Betriebsnummer 95783308
Personalnummer
Versicherungsnummer

Beschäftigungszeit von 01.01.2023
Personengruppe 101 Sozialversicherungspflichtig Beschäftigte ohne besondere Merkmale
Statuskennzeichen liegt nicht vor
Rechtskreis West

Krankenversicherung 1 Allgemeiner Beitrag
Rentenversicherung 1 Voller Beitrag
Arbeitslosenversicherung 1 Voller Beitrag
Pflegeversicherung 1 Voller Beitrag
Tätigkeitsschlüssel 713249914
Staatsangehörigkeitsschlüssel
Saisonarbeitnehmer kein Saisonarbeitnehmer gemäß § 188 Abs. 4 Satz 5 SGB V

Einzugsstelle Techniker Krankenkasse, Hamburg (15027365)
Übermittlung DEÜV-Datensatz an EKK
Rückmeldung Sachverhalt fehlerfrei verarbeitet

Sick leave

Sickness notifications are now sent electronically from the doctor to the health insurance company. Nevertheless, we ask you to send us your sickness notifications with **start and end date** by email, because we do not receive the information automatically from the health insurance. To receive a reliable confirmation we need to insert the exact time frame that matches the information given by the health insurance provider in the system.

Please note that we cannot send invoices for the service period in which you were on sick leave.

Sick pay at Smart eG

If you are employed by **Smart eG** and fall ill:

- you will continue to receive your salary without interruption.
- for the first 6 weeks, your salary will be paid from your budget. From the seventh week of illness, your health insurance provider (Krankenkasse) will pay sick pay (approx. 70% of your gross salary)

Sick pay at Smart Bildungswerk

The employees of **Smart Bildungswerk** pay the so-called Umlage 1 (between one and three percent depending on the health insurance company) to the health insurance companies through their employer's contribution and are therefore entitled to continued payment of wages in the form of sick pay from the first week of incapacity for work in the event of illness. The salary is therefore paid by the health insurance provider from the first week, in the case of the eG only from the seventh week of illness. If you, as an employee of the Bildungswerk, are unable to work due to illness and are therefore unable to carry out assignments, you should send us a scan of the medical certificate (for the employer) by e-mail.

Child sickness allowance

If your child is ill, please send us and the health insurance provider the sick note. For this period, the salary will be taken over by the health insurance provider and then paid directly to you (see employment contract § 6: (3) Claims in accordance with § 616 BGB for continued payment of remuneration in the event of temporary incapacity are excluded).

Side income

Own invoicing

If you have your own tax number, you can invoice part of your services yourself in addition to your employment at Smart.

Annual Income Comparison

To remain insured through Smart, it's important that the majority of your orders are handled through the cooperative. We recommend a ratio of at least 60/40. All your income will be assessed on an annual basis, comparing your average gross salary at Smart with your annual profit from independent work.

If this ratio is not maintained, your status may change, and you may be classified as primarily self-employed, making you responsible for your own health insurance. In this case, you may also be required to pay backdated contributions as a voluntary insured person (*freiwillige gesetzliche Versicherung*).

Working Hours

Not only your income level but also your working hours can impact your insurance status. You can refer to the [employment category table](#) to check how many work hours correspond to your contract. We recommend a contract with at least 20 hours per week if you are also invoicing independently.

Your health insurer may contact you to ask about your working hours and expected earnings from self-employment. If you receive a letter in this context and have questions, feel free to contact Smart.

The final decision regarding your insurance status lies with the health insurance provider.

If you only invoice a portion of your services using your own tax number, you may still be able to benefit from **the small business regulation**. The income limit for small businesses is specified in § 19 of the German VAT Act (UStG). More information in German can be found [here](#).

Additional Employment

You can have multiple jobs simultaneously. Please contact us in case you take up a new employment, so we can provide optimal guidance.

Depending on your salary with us and with another employer, your tax class may change. If you earn more than 538 euros gross in both jobs, one job will be taxed under tax class 6.

Combining a main job (from 560 euros gross) and a [Minijob](#) (up to 556 euros gross) does not affect the tax class.

Please always inform us if you take on additional employment. It's important for us to know the gross income of other jobs, not only because of the tax class but also for calculating the taxes that we remit on your behalf.

Unemployment benefits

Do you receive unemployment benefits (ALG I) and want to work with Smart?

Processing your orders via Smart is also possible to a limited extent if you are receiving unemployment benefit at the same time. However, the rules regarding permitted additional income must be taken into account. If you regularly work more than 15 hours a week, you can no longer receive unemployment benefits. Agentur für Arbeit has summarized important information in a [leaflet](#).

At Smart, you can earn EUR 165 from a mini-job without having your ALG1 reduced, or EUR 100 if you receive Bürgergeld.

Do you have an order that exceeds the maximum allowed amount? Then you can deregister from the Agentur für Arbeit for the duration of the execution of the project and be employed by Smart with a higher salary for this period. It is also possible that you will still receive unemployment benefit, but your social benefit will be reduced. You always have to inform Agentur für Arbeit about any additional income.

If you receive unemployment benefits at the same time, your budget must always be paid out accordingly, i.e. you are not allowed to 'bunker' your budget and bill higher, but only have a mini-job paid out to you.

You should inform us as soon as you receive ALG I or Bürgergeld. We can then arrange a consultation if necessary.

Your employment with Smart is ending and you want to apply for unemployment benefits (ALG I)?

If you have been employed for 12 months in the last 5 years, you can apply for unemployment benefits (ALG I).

Unemployment registration is not automatic after your contract ends. You should register in person at the *Arbeitsagentur* 3 months before the end of your employment. See the [website of the Arbeitsagentur](#) for more information.

After you end your employment with Smart and register as unemployed, we will send the certificate of employment to the employment agency.

Please always actively inform us that you need the certificate of employment (Arbeitsbescheinigung).

Vacation

Vacation days

All our members are contractually entitled to 20 days' vacation (based on a 5-day week). This corresponds to a statutory regulation on minimum vacation entitlement, which employees are obliged to take.

As a member of Smart, you can organize your working hours flexibly. It is also important to understand that you are responsible for covering all of your employment costs (i.e. your salary during your vacation is also paid from your budget).

To ensure that you have fully used your vacation, two vacation days per month are automatically allocated to you and noted on your payslip.

You can notify us of additional vacation days at any time. As an employer, we can grant you more vacation days. You can apply for a leave in the portal by [requesting a change](#).

Unpaid leave

You can also apply for unpaid leave. This way you can keep your employment uninterrupted without spending money from your budget. If you have no budget for further employment, Smart can suggest unpaid leave.

During unpaid leave, your employment will continue, but you will not receive a salary. No social security contributions will be paid from your budget during this time.

You are still insured during the first month of unpaid leave, but you do not pay pension insurance contributions for that month. For unemployment insurance, periods of unpaid leave do not reduce ALG 1.

However, from the 2nd month of unpaid leave, insurance in all branches of social security ends!